

PANTERA Virtual Workshop at the EU Sustainable Energy Week (EUSEW) 2020

How can the Task Force "Research & Innovation (R&I) Priorities"

be effectively linked to the activities of ETIP SNET

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TF R&I Priorities

The EU Green Deal and its policies have several energy-related aspects and implication, which require R&I developments:



Climate neutrality

ENERGY-RELATED KEY ASPECTS / IMPLICATIONS

"50-55% emmissions target by 2030"

Clean, Reliable & Affordable Energy

"Energy Efficiency" "Renewable sources" "Offshore wind" "Smart sector integration (E, G, H&G, H2)" "Cross-border and

regional cooperation" "Regulatory framework" "Smartgrids" "Storage"

"Reduce energy poverty /affordable" "Integ, Interc, Digital

Energy Market"

Sustainable transport

"Sustainable smart mobility (road, rail, water)" "Public charging points" "Alternative fuels"

"Low poluants emission technologies / standards"

"Digitalization"

Buildings and Construction

"Energy Efficiency in Buildings" "Digitalization / automation"

Circular Economy

"Raw materials for clean technologies" "Fuel cells and H2" "Storage / Batteries"

> "Digital technologies (IA, 5G, IoT, ...)" "Energy Efficiency"

Zero pollution EU ...

Farm-2-fork

Ecosystem

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TF R&I Priorities

EU Green Deal Policies

Climate neutrality

• 50-55% emmissions reduction target by 2030

Clean, Reliable & Affordable Energy

- Energy Efficiency
- Renewable sources
- Offshore wind
- Smart sector integration (E, G, H&G, H2)
- Cross-border and regional cooperation
- Regulatory framework
- Smartgrids
- Storage
- Reduce energy poverty /affordable
- Integrated, Interconnect, Digital Energy Market

Sustainable transport

- Sustainable smart mobility (road, rail, water)
- Public charging points
- Alternative fuels
- Low poluants emission technologies/standards
- Digitalization

Buildings and Construction

- Energy Efficiency in Buildings
- Digitalization / automation

Circular Economy

- Raw materials for clean technologies
- Fuel cells and H2
- Storage / Batteries
- Digital technologies (IA, 5G, IoT, ...)
- Energy Efficiency

Energy System Building Blocks

Required Functionalities

Efficient use of energy

Infrastructure for Integrated Energy Systems

> Markets for Energy Transition

Digitalization as enabler of Integrated ES

Efficient organization of Energy System

• <u>Cooperation</u> btw System Operators for incr. renew. integrat.

- Upgraded Electricity **Networks and Systems**
- <u>Cross-sector</u> integration
- Energy System <u>Business</u> (models, regulation)
- Integrating <u>Flexibility</u> (gen, storage, conversion)
- <u>Simulation</u> tools for Energy Systems (increased capabilities)
- Integrating **Digitalization** services
- **Customer** at the Center
- Pan-European Wholesale markets
- Integrated local / retail markets
- Upgraded Electricity <u>Networks and Systems</u>
- Liquid fuels and electric mobility
- Energy System Business (models, regulation)
- Integrating <u>Flexibility</u> (gen, demand, storage, conversion)
- Efficient **Heating & Cooling** for buildings and industry
- Integrating **Digitalization** services
- Integrating **Flexibility** (gen, demand, storage, conversion)
- Upgraded Electricity **Networks and Systems**
- Integrating **Digitalization** services

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VISION 2050 ETIP-SNET

FUNCTIONALITIES FROM ETIP-SNET

ETIP-SNET Roadmap 2020-2030						
Functionality						
Cooperation between System Operators						
<u>Cross-sector</u> integration						
<u>Customer</u> at the Center						
Pan-European <u>Wholesale</u> markets						
Integrated local / <u>retail</u> markets						
Integrating Digitalization services						
Upgraded Electricity Networks and						

Upgraded Electricity **Networks and**

Systems

Energy System <u>Business</u> (models, regulation)

<u>Simulation</u> tools for Energy Systems

Integrating **Flexibility** (gen, demand, storage, conversion)

Efficient **Heating & Cooling** for buildings and industry

Liquid fuels and electric **mobility**

	Research Area	Research Sub-Area / Topic									
	1. CONSUMER, PROSUMER and CITIZEN ENERGY COMMUNITY	1.1 Social camp social stu	10	1.2 Adaptive consumer/user behaviour incl. energy communities				1.3 Consumer and prosumer device control			
	2. SYSTEM ECONOMICS	2.1 Bu		2.2 Market and governance							
	3. DIGITALIZATION	3.1 Protocols, standardisation and interoperability	Commi	Data unication CT)	Inform Manag (Platfor	nta and nation gement ms, IoT, c.)	3.4 ersecurity d Privacy		3.5 End-to-end architecture		
	4. PLANNING - HOLISTIC ARCHITECTURES and ASSETS	Fnergy system		_	ong-term manag		3 Asset gement and strategies St		St	4.4 System tability analysis	
	5. FLEXIBILITY ENABLERS and SYSTEM FLEXIBILITY	5.1 Demand Flexibility		neration ibility	flexib Ene Conve	5.3 Storage flexibility & Energy Conversion flexibility		1 Network lexibility		5.5 Transport Flexibility	
	6. SYSTEM OPERATION	6.1 Supervision control and State estimation	0.1 0.11	ort-term ntrol	6.3 Medium and long-term control		C	Preventive control/ storation		6.5 Control Center technologies	

EU Green Deal Policies

R&I needs and priorities

Climate neutrality	• 50-55% emmissions reduction target by 2030						
Clean, Reliable & Affordable Energy	 Energy Efficiency Renewable sources Offshore wind Smart sector integration (E, G, H&G, H2) Cross-border and regional cooperation Regulatory framework Smartgrids Storage Reduce energy poverty /affordable Integrated, Interconnect, Digital Energy Market 						
Sustainable transport	 Sustainable smart mobility (road, rail, water) Public charging points Alternative fuels Low poluants emission technologies/standards Digitalization 						
Buildings and Construction	 Energy Efficiency in Buildings Digitalization / automation						
Circular Economy	 Raw materials for clean technologies Fuel cells and H2 Storage / Batteries Digital technologies (IA, 5G, IoT,) Energy Efficiency 						

	Research Area	Research Sub-Area / Topic						
Prioritise energy efficiency and develop a power sector based	1. CONSUMER, PROSUMER and CITIZEN ENERGY COMMUNITY	1.1 Social camp social stu	hohaviour incl. one			1.5 Consumer and		
largely on renewable sources	2. SYSTEM ECONOMICS	2.1 Business models			2.2 Market design and governance			
Secure and affordable EU energy supply	3. DIGITALIZATION	3.1 Protocols, standardisation and interoperability 3.2 Commu				3.4 Cybersecur and Privac	architecture	
J, 11,	4. PLANNING - HOLISTIC ARCHITECTURES and ASSETS	Energy system		Long-term lanning	n 4.3 manag mair	4.4 System Stability analysis		
Fully integrated, interconnected and	5. FLEXIBILITY ENABLERS and SYSTEM FLEXIBILITY	5.1 Demand Flexibility	5.2 Genera Flexibili	ation flo	3 Storage exibility & Energy onversion flexibility			
digitalised EU energy market	6. SYSTEM OPERATION	6.1 Supervision Control and State estimation	6.2 Short-1 contro	erm and	3 Medium long-term control	6.4 Prevent control/rest tion		

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use of ICT

WORKING GROUPS								
WG1 Reliable, economic and efficient smart grid system	WG2 Storage technologies and sector interfaces	WG3 Flexible Generation	WG4 Digitisation of the electricity system and Customer participation	WG5 Innovation implementation in the business environment				
new transmission and distribution technologies	Storage flexibilities	Generation flexibility	Digitalization of T&D	Homogeneous project analysis				
interfaces with storage	Integration with other energy systems		ICT infrastructures for consumers and retail	Methodology to indetify system needs				
demand response	Cost / benefits		Active demand response	Identify barriers towards deplyment				
flexible generation			Energy efficiency in buildings and industry					
synergies with other energy networks			Decision-making support tools and control					
grid observability and controlability								